

# **Grade 10 Sample Lesson Plan: Unit 16 – Top Chef**

# **SOLs**

• Identify family health habits and behaviors as they relate to promotion of health and wellness.

# **Objectives/Goals**

• Using the MyPlate template provided, the student will create and cook a dinner that features healthy ingredients from all 5 food groups *that they enjoy*.

#### **Materials**

- Food Group Nutrition Presentation (PowerPoint)
- Food Safety Article
- Student Assignment and Rubric
- My Plate Template
- Example of nutritional information (.jpg)
- Example of Final Assessment: Top Chef for a Day (PowerPoint)

# **Procedure**

| Step 1 | Go over information about food groups in the Food<br>Group Nutrition PowerPoint presentation | Essential Question?   |  |  |  |  |
|--------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
|        |  | Why is it so important to have the recommended amount of food from each food group?       |  |  |  |  |
| Step 2 | Read the article on Food safety  | Essential Question?  What are some of the risks of not engaging in food safety guidelines |  |  |  |  |

|        |  | when preparing our food? |
|--------|--|--------------------------|
| Step 3 | Your task: Using the MyPlate template provided, you are to create a DINNER that features healthy ingredients from all 5 food groups that you enjoy the taste of. Your portion sizes should reflect daily recommended serving-sizes in accordance with <a href="https://www.MyPlate.gov">www.MyPlate.gov</a> , which should match your Mind Map. When determining ounces/cups, remember dinner is only one of your 3 daily meals. |                          |
| Step 4 | <ul> <li>On front of plate:</li> <li>Dinner items printed out/drawn (as close to scale as possible) to reflect correct portion sizes. Printed in color or colored pencils are used to add realistic color to food items.</li> <li>Label to accompany each food item on your plate.</li> </ul>  |                          |
| Step 5 | On reverse-side of plate:  • Estimated calories in your meal  • Your recommended daily caloric intake (found on www.Calorieking.com) List of ingredients needed to cook/prepare your meal  |                          |
| Step 6 | <ul> <li>Top Chef for a Day</li> <li>Conceptualize, shop for, and prepare a healthy</li> <li>&amp; balanced dinner that you will actually cook</li> <li>for your family.</li> </ul>  |                          |
| Step 7 | o Using your ideas from the MyPlate, MyMeal assignment, you will conceptualize food items, shop for ingredients, cook then serve your meal, and finally reflect on the entire experience.  |                          |
|        | o Must include all 5 food groups, be budget conscious (estimate your budget then confirm with parents: \$10/\$15/\$30), and take into account likes/dislikes of your family members.   |                          |
|        | <ul> <li>Make a list of the ingredients you'll need for<br/>your meals (remember to budget \$)</li> </ul>  |                          |
|        | Make sure you talk to your mom/dad/whoever does grocery shopping and ask to come along and pick out your ingredients. (Compare options: food labels vs price)  |                          |

# To hand in (through Google Slides):

- Menu (organized, descriptive, ingredients included) \*Imagine you're serving your dish at a restaurant! \*5 pts.
- O <u>Pictures</u>: Ingredients, you cooking in action, your finished meal, and serving your meal to family (talk to teacher in advance if pictures are a problem) \*10 pts.

Reflection of the experience: (Successful? Struggles? Did your family like it? Could you see yourself cooking this meal again? What does the future hold for you and cooking meals for yourself / your family?) \*10 pts.

# References

- Melanie Lynch, M.Ed. State College Area High School
- https://www.choosemyplate.gov/

| Top Chef Assignment                |
|------------------------------------|
| <b>Learning Target - Nutrition</b> |

| Name:         |  |
|---------------|--|
| Oue:          |  |
| Worth 20 pts. |  |

<u>Your task:</u> Using the MyPlate template provided, you are to create a DINNER that features healthy ingredients from all 5 food groups *that you enjoy the taste of*. Your portion sizes should reflect daily recommended serving-sizes in accordance with www.MyPlate.gov, which should match your Mind Map. When determining ounces/cups, remember dinner is only one of your 3 daily meals.

### On front of plate:

- Dinner items printed out/drawn (as close to scale as possible) to reflect correct portion sizes. Printed in color or colored pencils are used to add realistic color to food items.
- Label to accompany each food item on your plate.

## On reverse-side of plate:

- Estimated calories in your meal
- Your recommended daily caloric intake (found on www.Calorieking.com)
- List of ingredients needed to cook/prepare your meal

2 1 Meal is not overly Some components of Most components of All components of meal healthy. meal can be considered meal can be considered can be considered "healthy." "healthy." "healthy." Front of plate is not Front of plate is Front of plate is visually Front of plate is visually overly appealing, labels somewhat appealing appealing with labels. appealing, with labels with labels. Pictures Pictures lack color or and colorful pictures are missing, pictures lack color and images lack color and/or images are not close to drawn/printed (very scale. are not to scale. images are not close to close) to real life scale. scale. Estimated calorie total Estimated calorie total Estimated calorie total Estimated calorie total and/or daily caloric is not accurate and/or seems fairly accurate is detailed, accurate, intake is not included way off your daily but is disproportionate and between 1/3 - 2/5on the back of your caloric intake. to you daily caloric of your daily caloric plate. intake. needs. List of ingredients is not List of ingredients is List of ingredients is List of ingredients provided. vague and/or items fairly detailed, but does includes cups/ounces appear to be left off list. not provide and is detailed enough cups/ounces. to give to a family member to shop for your entire meal. Portion sizes are all Portion don't seem to Portion sizes are fine Portion sizes are perfect over the place and follow the MyPlate and the ¼ plate and follow the ¼ of the don't seem to follow principle appears to plate principle outlined guidelines, however, plate distribution makes have been utilized. through MyPlate. any guidelines or reason. some sense.

| <b>FINAL</b> | GRADE: |  |
|--------------|--------|--|
|--------------|--------|--|

| <b>Nutrition</b> | Proj | ect – | Part 2 |
|------------------|------|-------|--------|
|                  |      |       |        |

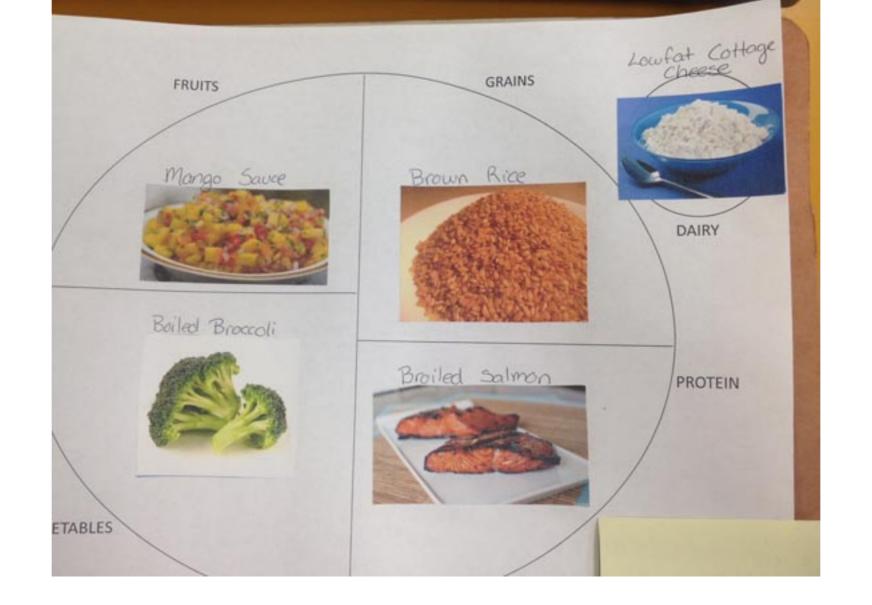
| *Due: |  |  |
|-------|--|--|
|-------|--|--|

# Top Chef for a Day

- Conceptualize, shop for, and prepare a healthy & <u>balanced</u> dinner that you will actually cook for your family.
  - O Using your ideas from the MyPlate, MyMeal assignment, you will conceptualize food items, shop for ingredients, cook then serve your meal, and finally reflect on the entire experience.
  - O Must include all 5 food groups, be budget conscious (estimate your budget then confirm with parents: \$10/\$15/\$30), and take into account likes/dislikes of your family members.
    - Make a list of the ingredients you'll need for your meals (remember to budget \$)
    - Make sure you talk to your mom/dad/whoever does grocery shopping and ask to come along and pick out your ingredients. (Compare options: food labels vs price)
- To hand in (through Google Slides):
  - O <u>Menu</u> (organized, descriptive, ingredients included) \*Imagine you're serving your dish at a restaurant! \*5 pts.
  - O <u>Pictures</u>: Ingredients, you cooking in action, your finished meal, and serving your meal to family (talk to teacher in advance if pictures are a problem) \*10 pts.
  - O <u>Reflection of the experience</u>: (Successful? Struggles? Did your family like it? Could you see yourself cooking this meal again? What does the future hold for you and cooking meals for yourself / your family?) \*10 pts.
- Although you may CHOOSE to present this project to the class, you will not be required to.

# **Rubric for Final Product (PowerPoint)**

| Menu: neat, organized, descriptive, ingredients listed: 1  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5   |       |       |   |   |      |
|--|---|---|---|-----|-------|-------|---|---|------|
| Pictures included: Ingredients, Cooking, Final Plate, 1 serving meal to family   | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5   | 6     | 7     | 8 | 9 | 10   |
| Reflection: Insightful analysis of the entire cooking experience start-to-finish and likelihood you will continue cooking meals regularly. | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5   | 6     | 7     | 8 | 9 | 10   |
|  |   |   |   | Tot | al Po | oints | • |   | / 25 |





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# **Food Safety**

Food safety means knowing how to avoid the spread of bacteria when you're buying, preparing, and storing food. Check out how to handle food safely to prevent foodborne illnesses.

# **Why Food Safety Matters**

Food that hasn't been prepared safely may contain bacteria like E. coli. Unsafe food can also spread foodborne illnesses like salmonellosissalmonellosis and *Campylobacter* (pronounced: kam-pye-low-BAK-tur) infection.

The good news is that you can keep on top of bacteria and foodborne illness by playing it safe when buying, preparing, and storing food.

## Start at the Supermarket

You have your shopping list in one hand and that shopping cart with the bad wheel in the other. But where should you start and how do you know which foods are safe? Take a peek at these tips:

- Make sure you put refrigerated foods in your cart last. For example, meat, fish, eggs, and milk should hit your cart after cereals, produce, and chips.
- When buying packaged meat, poultry (chicken or turkey), or fish, check the expiration date on the label (the date may be printed on the front, side, or bottom, depending on the food). Don't buy a food if it has expired or if it will expire before you plan to use it.
- Don't buy or use fish or meat that has a strong or strange odor. Follow your nose and eyes even if the expiration date is OK, pass on any fresh food that has a strange smell or that looks unusual.
- Place meats in plastic bags so that any juices do not leak onto other foods in your cart.
- Separate any raw meat, fish, or poultry from vegetables, fruit, and other foods you'll eat raw.
- Check eggs before buying them. Make sure that none of the eggs are cracked and that they are all clean. Eggs should be grade A or AA.

Don't slow down your cart for these bad-news foods:

• fruit with broken skin (bacteria can enter through the skin and contaminate the fruit)

- unpasteurized milk, ciders, or juices (they can contain harmful bacteria)
- pre-stuffed fresh turkeys or chickens

#### In the Kitchen

After a trip to the market, the first things you should put away are those that belong in the refrigerator and freezer. Keep eggs in the original carton on a shelf in the fridge (most refrigerator doors don't keep eggs cold enough).

Ready to cook but not sure how quickly things should be used, how long they should cook, or what should be washed? Here are some important guidelines:

- Most raw meat, poultry, or fish should be cooked or frozen within 2 days. Steaks, chops, and roasts
  can stay in the refrigerator 3-5 days.
- Unopened packages of hot dogs and deli meats can be kept in the refrigerator for 2 weeks. Opened packages of hot dogs should be eaten within 1 week and deli meats within 3-5 days.
- Thaw frozen meat, poultry, and fish in the refrigerator or microwave, never at room temperature.
- For best results, use a food thermometer when cooking meat and poultry.
- Cook thawed meat, poultry, and fish immediately; don't let it hang around for hours.
- Never wash raw chicken. Washing raw meat and poultry can spread germs around the kitchen. Germs are killed during cooking when chicken is cooked to an internal temperature of 165°F (74°C). So washing doesn't help.
- Cook roasts, steaks, chops, and other **solid** cuts of meat (beef, veal, pork, and lamb) until the
  juices run clear or until the meat has an internal temperature of at least 145°F (63°C). After the
  meat finishes cooking, let it rest for 3 minutes at room temperature before eating it.
- Cook **ground** beef, veal, pork, or lamb until it's no longer pink or until it has an internal temperature of at least 160°F (71°C). Cook ground chicken or turkey to 165°F (74°C).
- Cook chicken and other turkey until it's no longer pink or until it has an internal temperature of at least 165°F (74°C). Check chicken and turkey in several places breast meat and leg meat to be sure it's cooked.
- Cook fish until it is opaque and flaky when separated with a fork or until it has an internal temperature of 145°F (63°C).
- Scrub all fruits and veggies with plain water to remove any pesticides, dirt, or bacterial contamination.
- Remove the outer leaves of leafy greens, such as spinach or lettuce.
- Don't let eggs stay at room temperature for more than 2 hours.
- Make sure you cook eggs thoroughly so yokes or whites are firm. Scrambled eggs should not be runny.

#### Clean Up

Even though the kitchen might look clean, your hands, the countertops, and the utensils you use could still contain lots of bacteria that you can't even see. Yuck!

To prevent the spread of bacteria while you're preparing food:

- Always wash your hands with warm water and soap before preparing any food.
- Wash your hands after handling raw meat, poultry, fish, or egg products.
- Keep raw meats and their juices away from other foods in the refrigerator and on countertops.
- Never put cooked food on a dish that was holding raw meat, poultry, or fish.
- If you use knives and other utensils on raw meat, poultry, or fish, you need to wash them before using them to cut or handle something else.
- If you touch raw meat, poultry, or fish, wash your hands. **Don't** wipe them on a dish towel this can contaminate the towel with bacteria, which may be spread to someone else's hands.
- Use one cutting board for raw meat, poultry, and fish, and another board for everything else.
- When you're done preparing food, wipe down the countertops with hot soapy water or a commercial or homemade cleaning solution. Consider using paper towels to clean surfaces. Don't forget to wash the dishes, utensils, and cutting board in hot, soapy water.
- Wash cutting boards which can become a breeding ground for bacteria if they aren't cleaned carefully — separately from other dishes and utensils in hot, soapy water. Cutting boards can be sanitized with a homemade cleaning solution (1 tablespoon of chlorine bleach in 1 gallon of water). After washing and disinfecting the cutting board, rinse it thoroughly with plain water and pat with paper towels or leave it to air dry.
- Wash dirty dish towels in hot water.

#### **Storing Leftovers Safely**

Your dinner was a success and you're lucky to have some to enjoy later. Here are some tips on handling leftovers:

- Put leftovers in the fridge as soon as possible, within 2 hours. If you leave leftovers out for too long at room temperature, bacteria can quickly multiply, turning your delightful dish into a food poisoning disaster.
- Store leftovers in containers with lids that can be snapped tightly shut. Bowls are OK for storing leftovers, but be sure to cover them tightly with plastic wrap or aluminum foil to keep the food from drying out.
- Eat any leftovers within 3 to 4 days or freeze them. **Don't** freeze any dishes that contain uncooked fruit or veggies, hard-cooked eggs, or mayonnaise.
- If you're freezing leftovers, freeze them in one- or two-portion servings, so they'll be easy to take out of the freezer, pop in the microwave, and eat.

Store leftovers in plastic containers, plastic bags, or aluminum foil. Don't fill bowls all the way to the top; when food is frozen, it expands. Leave a little extra space — about ½ inch (about 13 millimeters) should do it.

Help Prevent Food Poisoning М frc It' e a to ne Wash hands Cook meat, Wash fruits and re before and after poultry, fish, and vegetables preparing food. eggs thoroughly. well before eating. KidsHealth® All rights reserved. af€

microwave, don't use lighter plastics like margarine tubs or cottage can melt them, which means that some of the chemicals in the pl food.

Which Has
More Germs — Your
Toilet Seat or the
Kitchen Sink?

Surprise! It's the sink. Turns out germs from raw meat linger in the sink and on the kitchen sponge, making them ickier than the toilet. (The toilet seat is still really germy, though, so wash your hands after going!)

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- Waxed paper is safe for use in the microwave, but don't ever use brown paper or brown grocery bags. And never use aluminum foil!
- When covering a plate or container with plastic wrap, try to keep the plastic wrap from touching the food.
- If a food comes packaged in a foam tray, remove it from the tray and be sure to take off any plastic wrapping before microwaving. The heat can make foam trays and plastic wrapping melt. And don't reuse trays that are included with microwave dinners or other foods.
- If you're using the microwave to **defrost** foods, finish cooking them right away.
- If you're using the microwave to **cook** foods, be sure to move the food inside the dish or stir it several times so it cooks thoroughly.
- If you're using the microwave to heat leftovers or frozen meals, the food should be very hot to the touch and steaming.
- Always carefully follow the microwave directions on the box, especially the length of cooking time that's specified.

Reviewed by: Mary L. Gavin, MD Date reviewed: November 2014

